

Задача. Вычислите приближенно сумму ряда с заданной точностью ε . Укажите N – наименьшее число членов ряда, которое обеспечивает заданную точность суммы ряда.

$$1. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!(2n+1)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$2. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2(n+3)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$3. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$4. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$5. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2}{3^n}, \varepsilon = 10^{-2}.$$

$$6. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$7. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^n, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^n, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$9. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{3n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$10. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2n+1)}{(2n)!n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$11. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{3^n n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-4}.$$

$$12. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \pi n}{3^n (n+1)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$13. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n+1)^n}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$14. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi n\right)}{n^3}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$15. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$16. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{3n^2}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$17. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{2^n n!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-4}.$$

$$18. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!(2n)!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$19. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)! 2n}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$20. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$21. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n}{7^n}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$22. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!!}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$23. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{(2n-1)^2 (2n+1)^2}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}. \quad 24. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{2^n}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$25. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{(2n)^3}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$26. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{2n+1}{n^3(n+1)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$27. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2(n+3)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$28. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{3n^2}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$29. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!(n+2)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

$$30. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3(n+3)}, \varepsilon = 10^{-3}.$$

Задача 1. Напишите уравнения касательной плоскости и нормали к заданной поверхности в точке M_0 .

$$1. \ z - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x} = 0, M_0\left(1; 1; \frac{\pi}{8}\right).$$

$$2. \ z = y \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{a}, M_0\left(\frac{\pi a}{4}; a; a\right).$$

$$3. \ \sin x \cdot \cos y = z, M_0\left(\frac{\pi}{4}; \frac{\pi}{4}; \frac{1}{2}\right).$$

$$4. \ z = e^x \cdot \cos y, M_0(1; \pi; -e).$$

$$5. \ z^3 - 4xz + y^2 - 4 = 0, M_0(1; -2; 2).$$

$$6. \ z = y + \ln \frac{x}{y}, M_0(1; 1; 1).$$

$$7. \ z = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x}, M_0\left(1; 1; \frac{\pi}{4}\right).$$

$$8. \ z = \ln(x^2 + y^2), M_0(1; 0; 0).$$

$$9. \ x(y+z)(xy-z) = -8, M_0(2; 1; 3).$$

$$10. \ z = x^2 + y^2, M_0(1; 2; 5).$$

$$11. \ \frac{1}{3}(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z}) = 1, M_0(1; 1; 1).$$

$$12. \ 2^{\frac{x}{z}} + 2^{\frac{y}{z}} = 8, M_0(2; 2; 1).$$

$$13. \ z - 2x + \ln \frac{y}{x} + 1 = 0, M_0(1; 1; 1).$$

$$14. \ \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{16} = 1, M_0(0; 0; 4).$$

$$15. \ z = 1 + x^2 + y^2, M_0(1; 1; 3).$$

$$16. \ z = e^{\frac{x}{y}} + e^{\frac{x}{z}} - y, M_0(0; 1; 1).$$

$$17. \ x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = -1, M_0(2; 2; 3).$$

$$18. \ z = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{y}, M_0\left(1; 1; \frac{\pi}{4}\right).$$

$$19. \ z^2 + 4z + x^2 = 0, M_0(0; 1; -4).$$

$$20. \ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 3, M_0(1; 1; 1).$$

$$21. \ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 169, M_0(3; 4; 12).$$

$$22. \ z = x \operatorname{tg} \frac{y}{2}, M_0\left(1; \frac{\pi}{2}; 1\right).$$

$$23. \ z = x^2 - 2xy + y^2 - x + 2y, M_0(1; 1; 1).$$

$$24. \ x^2 + 2y^2 - 3z^2 + xy + yz - 2xz + 16 = 0, M_0(1; 2; 3).$$

$$25. \ 2x^2 + y^2 - z^2 + xy - yz + 2xz = 2, M_0(1; 0; 0).$$

$$26. \ x(x-y) + y(x-z) + z(x+y) - 2 = 0, M_0(1; 0; 1).$$

$$27. \ x^2 + y^2 + xy - yz + z^2 + xz = 3, M_0(1; 1; 0).$$

$$28. \ x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2 + 2xy + 2xz + 4yz = 6, M_0(1; 0; 1).$$

$$29. \ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - xy = 1, M_0(1; 1; 0).$$

$$30. \ x^2 + y^2 - z^2 + 3xy + 3yz - 2xz = 4, M_0(1; 1; 3).$$